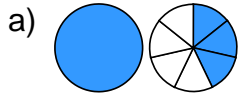
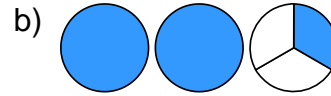


Übertrage die Grafiken und notiere die gemischte Zahl auch als unechten Bruch:

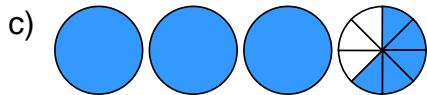
1



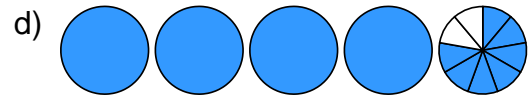
→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$



→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$

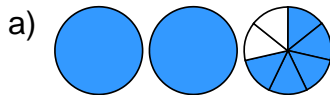


→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$

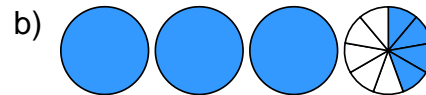


→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$

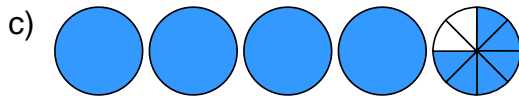
2



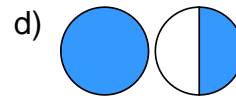
→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$



→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$

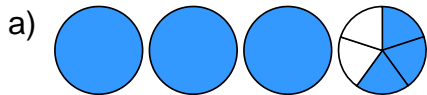


→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$

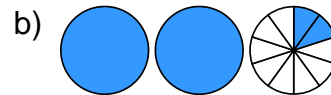


→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$

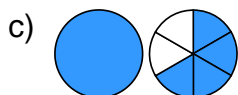
3



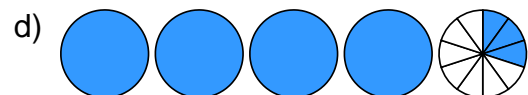
→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$



→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$



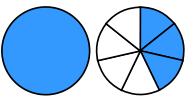
→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$

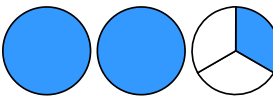


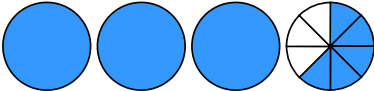
→ $\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$


Quelle: www.matheaufgaben.net/arbeitsblaetter/brueche-grafisch/gemischte-zahlen-erkennen/


Übertrage die Grafiken und notiere die gemischte Zahl auch als unechten Bruch:

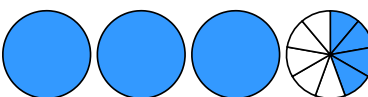
① a)  $\rightarrow 1 \frac{3}{7} = \frac{10}{7}$


b)  $\rightarrow 2 \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$

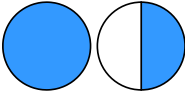
c)  $\rightarrow 3 \frac{5}{8} = \frac{29}{8}$

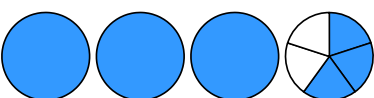
d)  $\rightarrow 4 \frac{7}{9} = \frac{43}{9}$

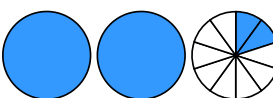
② a)  $\rightarrow 2 \frac{5}{7} = \frac{19}{7}$

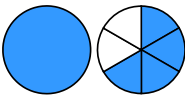
b)  $\rightarrow 3 \frac{4}{9} = \frac{31}{9}$


c)  $\rightarrow 4 \frac{6}{8} = \frac{38}{8}$

d)  $\rightarrow 1 \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$

③ a)  $\rightarrow 3 \frac{3}{5} = \frac{18}{5}$

b)  $\rightarrow 2 \frac{2}{10} = \frac{22}{10}$

c)  $\rightarrow 1 \frac{4}{6} = \frac{10}{6}$

d)  $\rightarrow 4 \frac{3}{10} = \frac{43}{10}$